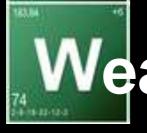


### A Credential Evaluator's "How-To" Guide for Document Fraud

Timothy J. Kell Educational Credential Evaluators, Inc.

TAICEP At Your Desk 21 May 2020





## Weak Documentation



## Weak Documentation Requirements

 Digitally Tampered Documents Don't Have Red Flags and Are Impossible To Detect

Real Academic Documents Can Easily Be Found on the Internet

So Wonderfully Easy To Do! And It's Free!!!

# Weak Document



PracticEs

### Weak Document Issuing Practices

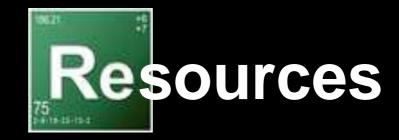
- Schools Commonly Issue "Official" Documents
   With No Safety Features
  - Especially Attested Photocopies

All I Need Is A Stamp That I Can Easily Create!

Schools Will Give Out Real Envelopes!







#### Limited Time and Resources

Over Reliance On Translations

- Not Knowing What Documents Should Look Like
  - ie: It's Tempting to Accept Whatever Comes Sealed

 Directly Verifying All Documents is Prohibitively Difficult and Time Consuming







- Everything can be faked:
  - Documents
  - Emails and Attachments
  - Websites, Including Verification Websites
  - QR Codes

A Fake Online Paper Trail Is Easy To Create



 Never accept photocopies / scanned images/ email attachments directly from students.

Require the most secure type of "original" documentation a student can provide (which might be those in student's possession).

 Keep archives of sample documents and known safety features.



 Work directly from primary language documents. Use translations only as a guide.

 Carefully vet the source of electronic documents and online verification / results.

Be naturally suspicious, especially of any request out of the ordinary.